



POWERSHELL WORKFLOW BASICS

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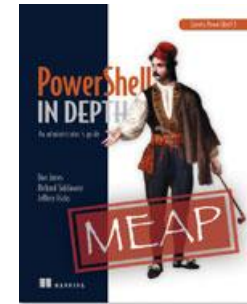
Windows PowerShell MVP

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WHO AM I?

- Windows PowerShell MVP
- PowerShell Author
 - PowerShell in Depth (with Don Jones and Richard Siddaway)
 - Windows PowerShell 2.0: TFM (with Don Jones)
 - Managing Active Directory with Windows PowerShell: TFM 2nd Ed.
- IT trainer and consultant
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AGENDA

- Definitions
- Requirements
- Limitations
- Building Workflows
- Syntax
- Resources
- Q&A



A NOTE...

- All demos will be made available
- I'm using a beta of PowerShell 3.0 so no guarantees



DEFINITIONS - WHAT IS A WORKFLOW?

- A robust multi-machine orchestration engine
- Designed for long running unattended tasks across potentially thousands of machines
- Persistent states can survive reboots and network interruptions
- Can be integrated with WCF Services and AppFabric



DEFINITIONS - WHAT IS A WORKFLOW?

- Robust
 - Persistence via check points
 - Suspend and Resume capabilities
- Performance and Scalability
 - Parallel tasks
 - Connection pooling
 - Connection throttling
- PowerShell Based
 - Use existing cmdlets
 - No need to master XAML
 - Built in parameters for multi-machine management



DEFINITIONS - WHAT IS A WORKFLOW?

- Workflow activities are isolated
- All data and objects are serialized
- Objects are strongly typed
- Static scoping



WORKFLOW SCENARIOS

- Server deployment
- Server configuration/remediation
- User provisioning
- Private cloud deployments
- Sharepoint configuration
- Any business workflow that can be orchestrated with command line tools.



REQUIREMENTS

- Built on .NET Framework 4.0 and Windows Workflow Foundation
- Requires PowerShell 3.0
- Requires PowerShell 3.0 remoting
- Leverages PowerShell's job infrastructure



REQUIREMENTS: REMOTING

- Workflows connect to machines using WSMAN protocol
- Connects to the default Workflow session configuration

```
PS C:\> get-pssessionconfiguration  
microsoft.powerShell.workflow
```

- Important defaults:
 - Max persistence storage 10GB
 - Max memory per shell 1GB
 - Admin permissions required
- Be very careful of changing this configuration

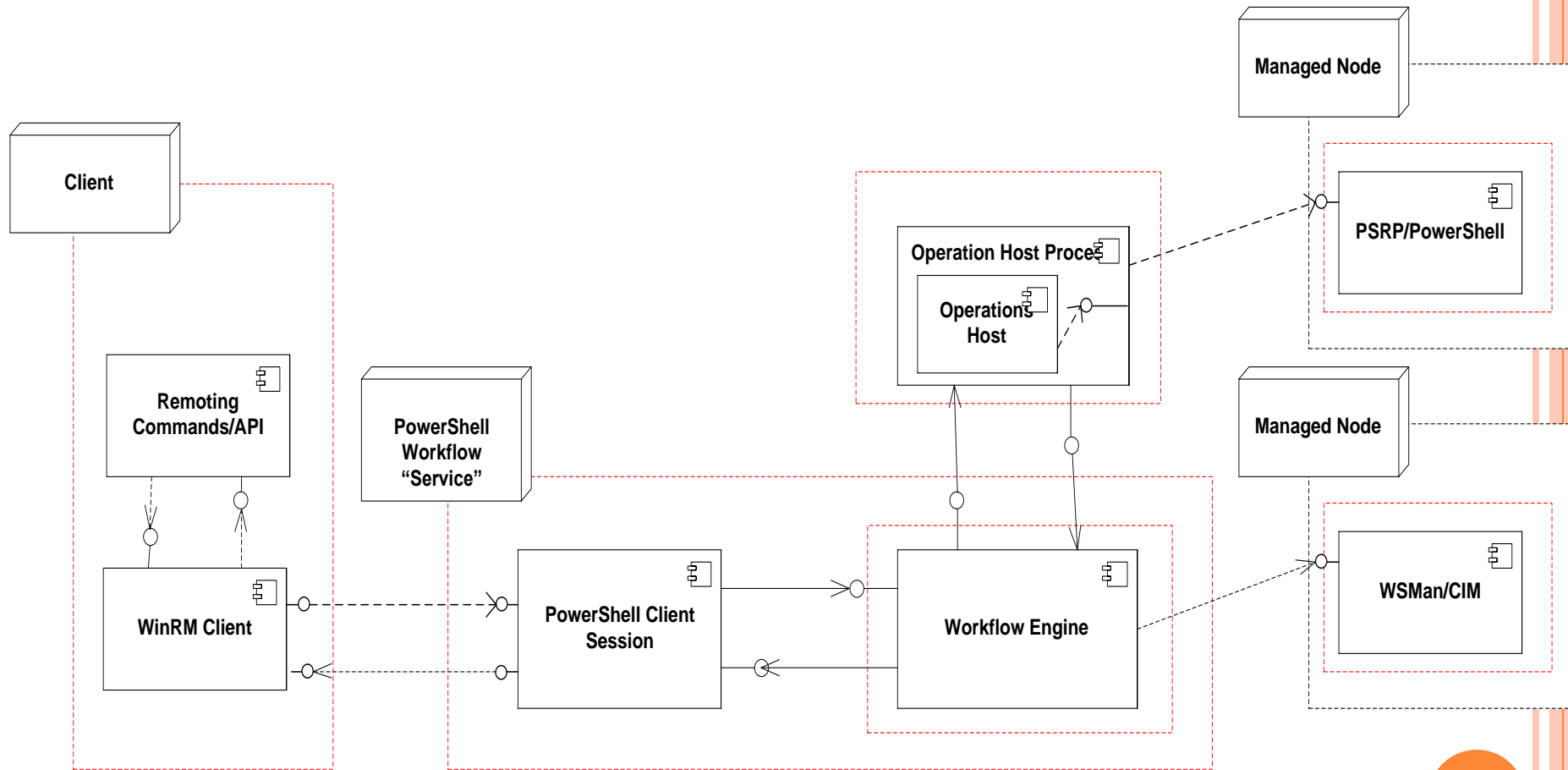


LIMITATIONS AND GOTCHAS

- All objects and data must be "serializable"
- Must use full cmdlet ***and*** parameter names
- No positional parameters
- No Begin/Process/End scriptblocks
- No "eventing"
- No Traps - Use Try/Catch
- Not intended to be interactive - can't use Write-Host.
- On comment based help - must use maml
- Pay close attention to scope!



WORKFLOW ARCHITECTURE



BUILDING WORKFLOWS

- Don't replace "Function" with "Workflow"
- Start new and plan out your activities
- Minimize sharing of data or variables across activities
- PowerShell turns your workflow into XAML
- Workflow is a command type

```
PS C:\> get-command -commandtype Workflow
```



SYNTAX: INLINESCRIPT

- Send PowerShell commands to remote machine(s)
- Runs out-of-process
- Runtime command validation at runtime
- This is really a series of Invoke-Command activities



SYNTAX: PARALLEL

- Execute a collection of activities independently and in parallel
- Foreach -Parallel
 - The parameter only works in a workflow
 - Run a set of commands in parallel for each object in a collection
- Parallel key word
 - Run a set of commands simultaneously and in parallel
 - Runs in a new scope
 - Often used to run a series of Sequences



FOREACH -PARALLEL

```
Foreach -parallel ($item in $objects) {
```



PARALLEL

```
Parallel {
```

```
    MyCommand1
```

```
    MyCommand2
```

```
    MyCommand3
```

```
}
```

MyCommand1

MyCommand2

MyCommand3



SYNTAX: SEQUENCE

- Execute a collection of tasks in order
- Often used with Parallel
- Watch out for scope!



SYNTAX: SEQUENCE

```
Parallel {  
  $var=123  
    Sequence {  
      MyCommand1 $workflow:var  
    }  
    Sequence {  
      MyCommand2 $workflow:var  
    }  
}
```



SYNTAX: SCOPE AND VARIABLES

- Workflows uses static scopes, i.e. PowerShell won't "search" for a variable
- Can use \$Workflow:myvar
- Access "out of scope" variables with \$Using:MyVar
 - Read-only
 - Available from InlineScript



SYNTAX: ASJOB

- Run any workflow with -asjob
- Use job cmdlets to manage
- Import PSWorkFlow module to add new job type definitions
- Useful with suspended workflows



SYNTAX: COMMON PARAMETERS

- All workflows have a set of common parameters
- They do not need to be defined in the workflow
 - PSComputerName
 - PSCredential
 - PSConnectionRetryCount
 - PSActionRetryCount
 - PSPersist



SYNTAX: COMMON DATA

- Result
- PSUserName
- PSVerbose
- WorkflowCommandName
- PSProgress
- PSWarning
- PSError
- PSDebug
- JobName
- PSWorkflowPath
- Input



SYNTAX: PERSISTENCE

- Workflows can be made persistent to survive interruptions
- By default restarts the workflow unless...
- Set persistence per activity
 - Checkpoint-Workflow
 - Persist
 - Suspend-Workflow
- Set persistence for the entire workflow
 - -PSPersist common parameter
 - Set to \$True: -pspersist \$true



DEMOS



MOVING ON

- Nested workflows
- Workflows calling workflows
- Suspending and resuming
- Troubleshooting and debugging
- Importing workflows from Visual Studio Workflow Designer



QUESTIONS



MORE RESOURCES

- PowerShell in Depth: An Administrators Guide by Don Jones, Richard Siddaway and Jeffery Hicks (Manning Press, in production)
- Learn PowerShell in a Month of Lunches, 2nd Ed. By Don Jones and Jeffery Hicks (Manning Press, in production)
- Windows PowerShell Team blog (<http://blogs.msdn.com/powershell>)
- The Lonely Administrator (<http://jdhitsolutions.com/blog>)
- Prof. PowerShell (<http://mcpmag.com/articles/list/prof-powershell.aspx>)



THANK YOU

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